



PINE CONE INVERTEBRATES

Invertebrates are creatures without a backbone, like insects, spiders and snails – they account for over 95% of all animals. Visit your nearest green space and celebrate the incredible invertebrates that live there!

PINE CONE SPIDER

YOU WILL NEED:

- Pine cone from the park, or a ball of scrap paper
- 4 strands of wool (about 25cm long)
- White sticky dots – you can use a pen to draw on some pupils
- PVA glue
- Some extra string to hang up your spider



1 Wrap one strand of wool around the pine cone or ball, making sure that both ends are sticking out to make dangly spider legs!

Repeat this step with the other strands of wool, working along the cone or ball to make a total of 8 legs.



2 Stick on 6-8 eyes. Not all spiders have 8 eyes!



3 Tie the remaining wool around the cone or ball so that you can hang up your spider.

Your spider is now complete!



PINE CONE BUTTERFLY

YOU WILL NEED:

- Pine cone from the park, or a ball of scrap paper
- 4 leaves
- 2 leaf stalks/small twigs
- PVA glue
- String



- 1** Tie the string to the top of the pine cone or around the ball.
- This will help you hang up your butterfly.



- 2** Use a dab of glue to attach two leaf stalks or twigs at the top of the pine cone or ball.
- These will be the antennae.



- 3** Glue the leaves onto the back of the pine cone or ball. Hold the leaves in place and let the glue dry.
- Now your butterfly is ready to fly!**

DID YOU KNOW?

We have over 650 species of spider in the UK. They are a fantastic source of food for many birds, hedgehogs and other wildlife.



DID YOU KNOW?

Butterflies tend to have clubbed antennae. Moths often have feathery antennae.



Moth